



The critically endangered Guatemalan Beaded Lizard (*Heloderma hor-ridum charlesbogerti*) is restricted to forest remnants in the Motagua Valley (see articles on pp. 178, 184, and 212).



Many aspects of the Fijian Crested Iguana's (*Brachylophus vitiensis*) biology remain unknown, mostly because of the remoteness of the uninhabited Iguana Sanctuary Island of Yadua Taba (see article on p. 192).



Green Anoles (*Anolis carolinensis*) were first reported on Oʻahu in 1950, and now occur on all of the major Hawaiian Islands. A recent introduction to Coconut Island (off Oʻahu) apparently failed (see article on p. 198).



In March 2006, an adult female Cuban Iguana (*Cyclura nubila*) in a population established on Isla Magueyes, Puerto Rico, chased, caught, and ate a conspecific hatchling (see article on p. 206).



Ovulation in Emerald Treeboas (*Corallus caninus*) follows some time after the cessation of breeding activity. During ovulation, many females hang grossly distended midbody loops off their perches (see article on p. 209).



Brown Treesnakes (*Boiga irregularis*) have caused the elimination of most of Guam's native forest birds, and decimated other birds, lizards, and mammals (see travelogue on p. 216).



Populations of the Texas Horned Lizard (*Phrynosoma cornutum*) have disappeared in eastern and central Texas, and are decreasing in other areas (see "Historical Perspectives" on p. 224 and the "Focus on Conservation" on p. 240).

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