

Snakes of Bhandara District, Maharashtra, Central India with Notes on Natural History

Rahul V. Deshmukh¹, Sagar A. Deshmukh², Swapnil A. Badhekar³, and Roshan Y. Naitame⁴

¹H.N. 26, Teacher Colony, Kalmeshwar, Nagpur, Maharashtra-441501, India (rahul30.sake@gmail.com)

²Behind Potdar Nursing Home Kalmeshwar, Nagpur, Maharashtra-441501, India (sd.snakefriend@gmail.com)

³TiwaskarWadi near BoudhaVihar, Hingana Raipur, Nagpur, Maharashtra-441110, India (swapnilbadhekar86@gmail.com)

⁴Adyal, Pavani, Bhandara, Maharashtra-441903, India (rymaitame750@gmail.com)

Photographs by Sagar A. Deshmukh.

Research on reptiles in India dates back more than 200 years, coinciding with the formation of the erstwhile British East India Company. However, central India has largely been neglected as regards herpetological surveys. The District of Bhandara is in the northeastern part of Maharashtra State and lies entirely within the Wainganga Basin. The first appreciable study was carried out by D'Abreu (1928), who conducted a systematic collection of reptiles for the Central Museum in Nagpur, which provided information on the reptiles of Vidharbha Region in general and Bhandara District in particular. Deshmukh et al. (2015) recorded 30 species of snakes from the adjacent Nagpur District. Based on animal rescues and road surveys, we herein document 33 species of snakes in ten families from Bhandara District, Maharashtra (20°40'00"–21°35'00"N, 79°30'00"–80°06'00"E; Fig. 1).

A team of four persons on two-wheelers at speeds of about 20 km/h surveyed seven tehsils (Tumsar, Mohadi, Sakoli, Bhandara, Lakhani, Lakhandur, and Pauni), two each week, and the adjacent Nagazira Wildlife Sanctuary during morning and evening hours on every Saturday and Sunday from May 2013 to July 2016. We also searched roadside leaf litter, cover objects (i.e., logs, bark, rocks), agricultural fields, and along streams and ponds. In addition, we documented snakes rescued from residential areas of Bhandara District. All snakes were captured, identified, photographed, and released. For identification, we relied on criteria listed in Smith (1943), Daniel (2002), and Whitaker and Captain (2004) and comparisons with specimens in the collections of the Central Zone Regional Centre, Zoological Survey of India, Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh, and the Bombay Natural History Society, Mumbai, Maharashtra. We also recorded secondary information from reliable sources (observations and previous snakerescue records from a conservationist, NGOs from Adyal [Ashik Naitame] and Bhandara [Raju Baghele], and others

from Bhandara District). Data are summarized in Tables 1 and 2, and 32 of the 33 species are illustrated in Figs. 2–12.

Miscellaneous natural history observations included: (1) A Barred Wolfsnake (*Lycodon striatus*) feeding on a Common

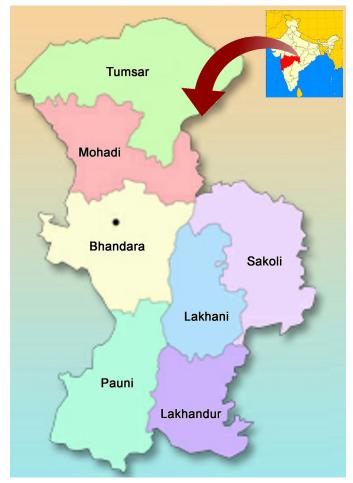


Fig. 1. Location of the study area in Bhandara District, Maharashtra, India.

House Gecko (*Hemidactylus frenatus*) in Jawaharnagar, Bhandara City (21°09'11.29"N, 79°32'28.70"E) on 26 December 2013; (2) an Oriental Ratsnake (*Ptyas mucosa*)

that had ingested three Checkered Keelbacks (*Xenochrophis piscator*) on 3 July 2014 along a seasonal stream near Oxygen Park, Samarth Nagar, Lakhani Tehsil (21°04'00.38"N,

Table 1. Snakes encountered during surveys of seven tehsils in Bhandara District, Maharashtra, India.

Tehsil	Dates	Rescued	Roadkilled	Live	Total
	M 2012 M 2014	7.4	22	15	111
Tumsar	May 2013–May 2014	74	22	15	111
	June 2014–June 2015	126	55	20	201
	July 2015–July 2016	70	19	6	95
 Mohadi	May 2013–May 2014	85	15	3	103
	June 2014–June 2015	103	69	16	188
	July 2015–July 2016	47	64	13	124
Sakoli	May 2013–May 2014	40	17	11	68
	June 2014–June 2015	100	37	8	145
	July 2015–July 2016	64	36	12	112
Bhandara	May 2013–May 2014	59	13	18	90
	June 2014–June 2015	173	76	24	273
	July 2015–July 2016	35	42	9	86
Lakhani	May 2013–May 2014	53	57	23	133
	June 2014–June 2015	99	31	18	148
	July 2015–July 2016	87	37	4	128
Lakhandur	May 2013–May 2014	66	19	11	96
	June 2014–June 2015	88	42	9	139
	July 2015–July 2016	129	61	13	203
Pauni	May 2013–May 2014	125	38	19	182
	June 2014–June 2015	82	43	17	142
	July 2015–July 2016	66	46	9	121



Fig. 2. Brahminy Blindsnake (*Indotyphlops braminus*) from Mahalgaon Village, Mohadi Tehsil (left). Slender Wormsnake (*Indotyphlops porrectus*) from Lakhandur Tehsil (center). Beaked Wormsnake (*Grypotyphlops acutus*) from Hardoli, Mohadi Tehsil (right).

79°49'30.16"E); (3) 22 hatchling Oriental Ratsnakes emerging from eggs on 30 August 2015 in rocky debris at Nirgudi Village in Pavni Tehsil (20°52'29.85"N, 79°41'01.15"E); (4) a partial albino Common Trinket Snake (*Coelognathus helena*) roadkilled on the Kosamtondi-Sakoli Road near Ashoka Toll Plaza on 4 September 2015 in Sakoli Tehsil (21°05'17.45"N, 80°01'36.68"E); (5) a young Common Catsnake (*Boiga trigonatus*) in a garden near Gandhi Sagar Lake, Rajendra Nagar, Tumsar Tehsil (21°23'02.09"N, 79°45'10.12"E); (6) a road-killed female Common Catsnake with two incompletely developed eggs on 14 August 2012 on the Gadhegaon–Chikhalabodhi Road in Lakhani Tehsil (21°04'34.61"N, 79°46'36.98"E); (7) a pair of Striped Keelbacks (*Amphiesma stolatum*) mating in brick debris (21°03'37.03"N,

79°51'23.14"E) at Manegaon in Lakhani Tehsil on 21 July 2014; (8) two adult Green Keelbacks (*Rhabdophis plumbicolor*) attempting to swallow one another near Belgota Village in Pauni Tehsil (20°46'39.95"N, 79°38'21.38"E) on 5 October 2013; (9) a live Olive Keelback (*Atretium schistosum*) trapped in a fishing net in a pond at Sawargaon in Lakhandur Tehsil (20°43'35.72"N, 79°52'20.99"E) on 28 February 2015; (10) a Saw-scaled Viper (*Echis carinatus*) feeding on a frog on 13 September 2014 in Teak leaf litter in the Davezari Village area in Tumsar Tehsil (21°27'02.51"N, 79°47'19.20"E); (11) a Slender Coralsnake (*Calliophis malanurus*) regurgitating a Brahminy Blindsnake (*Indotyphlops braminus*) in an open sewage line on 21 April 2013 at Paraswada Village in Mohadi Tehsil (21°20'26.39"N, 79°43'32.07"E); (12) a Common Indian Krait (*Bungarus caeruleus*) feeding on a Common



Fig. 3. Common Sand Boa (*Eryx conicus*) from Manegaon Village, Lakhani Tehsil (left). Red Sand Boa (*Eryx johnii*) from the Bhandara–Ramtek Road, Tumsar Tehsil (center). Indian Rock Python (*Python molurus*) from Tamaswadi Village, Tumsar Tehsil (right).



Fig. 4. Duméril's Black-headed Snake (Sibynophis subpunctatus) from Tumsar Tehsil (left). Common Kukri Snake (Oligodon arnensis) from Nilaj, Sakoli Tehsil (center). Indian Smooth Snake (Coronella [= Wallophis] brachyura) from the outskirts of the Gaidongari Reserve Forest, Pauni Tehsil (right).



Fig. 5. Common Wolfsnake (*Lycodon aulicus*) from Mohadi Tehsil (left). Barred Wolfsnake (*Lycodon striatus*) from Jawahar Nagar, Bhandara City (center). Yellow-spotted Wolfsnake (*Lycodon flavomaculatus*) from the outskirts of Chinchgaon Village Lakhandur Tehsil (right).



Fig. 6. Oriental Ratsnake (*Ptyas mucosa*) from Tumsar Tehsil (left). Common Trinket Snake (*Coelognathus helena*) from Sakoli Tehsil (center). Common Bronze-backed Treesnake (*Dendrelaphis tristis*) from Pauni Tehsil (right).



Fig. 7. Banded Racer (Argyrogena fasciolata) from Ganeshpur Khairy, Tumsar Tehsil (left). Long-nosed Whipsnake (Ahaetulla nasuta) from Pauni Tehsil (center). Common Catsnake (Boiga trigonata) from Chinchkhed, Mohadi Tehsil (right).



Fig. 8. Forsten's Catsnake (Boiga forsteni) from the temple in Adyal, Pauni Tehsil (left). Indian Egg-eater (Elachistodon [= Boiga] westermanni) from Pauni Tehsil (center). Stout Sandsnake (Psammophis longifrons) from Pauni Tehsil (right).

Wolfsnake (*Lycodon aulicus*) during a rescue operation in the Hanuman Temple near Khairlanji Village (21°22'05.13"N, 79°34'26.60"E) on 19 November 2015; (13) an adult male Indian Cobra (*Naja naja*) regurgitating a Common Sand Boa (*Eryx conicus*) in an agricultural field near Lakhani (21°04'1.03"N, 79°49'37.42"E).

Nande and Deshmukh (2007) recorded the Montane Trinket Snake (*Coelognathus helena monticollaris*) and Wall's Krait (*Bungarus walli*) in Amravati District (which is adjacent to Bhandara District). We found neither during our surveys, although we did find Common Trinket Snakes (*C. helena helena*). We also failed to find Travancore Wolfsnakes (*Lycodon*)

travancoricus), Slender Racers (Platyceps gracilis), or Calamaria Reedsnakes (Liopeltis calamaria), all of which had been collected by D'Abreu (1928) from the Central Provinces (now Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisghar, and Vidharbha). However, the Slender Wormsnake (Indotyphlop sporrectus), Dumeril's Black-headed Snake (Sibynophis subpunctatus), Streaked Kukri Snake (Oligodon taeniolatus), Indian Smooth Snake (Coronella [= Wallophis] brachyura), Barred Wolfsnake (Lycodon striatus), Yellow-Spotted Wolfsnake (Lycodon flavomaculatus), Olive Keelback (Atretium schistosum), Forsten's Catsnake (Boiga forsteni), Indian Eggeater (Elachistodon [= Boiga] westermanni), Stout Sandsnake (Psammophis longifrones), Bamboo Pitviper (Trimeresurus gramin-

Table 2. Snakes encountered during surveys of seven tehsils in Bhandara District, Maharashtra, India. **Abundance:** R = Rare, UC = Uncommon, C = Common, VC = Very Common. **Habitat:** SL = scrubland, PD = ponds, SS = streams, AF = agricultural fields, RD = rocks, LF = leaf litter. **IUCN Red List status:** NE = Not Evaluated, LC = Least Concern, NT = Near Threatened.

Species	Number	Abundance	Habitat	IUCN Status
TYPHLOPIDAE				
Brahminy Blindsnake	35	С	LF, RD, AF, PD	NE
(Indotyphlops braminus)				
Slender Wormsnake	17	С	LF, RD, AF, PD	NE
(Indotyphlops porrectus)				
Beaked Wormsnake	27	С	LF, RD, AF, PD	NE
(Grypotyphlops acutus)				
ERYCIDAE				
Common Sand Boa	37	С	AF, PD, SS	NE
(Eryx conicus)				
Red Sand Boa	7	UC	AF, SL	NT
(Eryx johnii)				
PYTHONIDAE				
Indian Rock Python	9	UC	PD, SS, AF, SL	NT
(Python molurus)				
SIBYNOPHIIDAE				
Duméril's Black-headed Snake	13	UC	LF, RD, AF	NE
(Sibynophis subpunctatus)				
COLUBRIDAE				
Common Kukri Snake	69	С	SL, PD, SS, AF, RD, LF	NE
(Oligodon arnensis)				
Streaked Kukri Snake	6	UC	AF	NE
(Oligodon taeniolatus)				
Indian Smooth Snake	5	R	AF	NE
(Coronella [= Wallophis] brachyura)				
Common Wolfsnake	379	VC	SL, AF, RD	NE
(Lycodon aulicus)				
Barred Wolfsnake	14	UC	AF	NE
(Lycodon striatus)				
Yellow-spotted Wolfsnake	13	UC	AF, SL	LC
(Lycodon flavomaculatus)				
Oriental Ratsnake	390	VC	AF, RD, SL, PD, SS, LF	NE
(Ptyas mucosa)				
Common Trinket Snake	189	С	AF, RD, PD, SS, LF, SL	NE
(Coelognathus helena)				
Banded Racer	100	С	RD, AF, SL	NE
(Argyrogena fasciolata)				

(continued on next page)

(continued from previous page)

Species	Number	Abundance	Habitat	IUCN Status
Common Catsnake	39	С	SL, AF	NE
(Boiga trigonata)				
Forsten's Catsnake	13	UC	SL	NE
(Boiga forsteni)				
Indian Egg-eater	4	R	SF, AF, LF	LC
(Elachistodon [= Boiga] westermanni)				
AHAETULIIDAE				
Long-nosed Whipsnake	8	UC	SL	NE
(Ahaetulla nasuta)				
Common Bronze-backed Treesnake	45	С	SL, AF	NE
(Dendrelaphis tristis)				
PSAMMOPHIIDAE				
Stout Sandsnake	16	UC	SL, AF, RD, LF	LC
(Psammophis longifrons)				
NATRICIDAE				
Striped Keelback	66	С	AF, SL, SS, LF, RD	NE
(Amphiesma stolatum)				
Green Keelback	36	С	AF, RD, SL	NE
(Macropisthodon [= Rhabdophis] plumbicol	lor)			
Checkered Keelback	609	VC	PD, SS, AF	NE
(Fowlea [= Xenochrophis] piscator)				
Olive Keelback	13	UC	ST, PD, AF	LC
(Atretium schistosum)				
VIPERIDAE				
Russell's Viper	250	С	SL, AF, LF, RD	NE
(Daboia russelii)				
Saw-scaled Viper	7	R	SL, LF, RD	NE
(Echis carinatus)				
Bamboo Pitviper	1	R	SL, SS	LC
(Trimeresurus gramineus)				
ELAPIDAE				
Slender Coralsnake	6	UC	LF, AF, RD, SL	NE
(Calliophis melanurus)				
Common Indian Krait	79	С	RD, LF, SL, AF	NE
(Bungarus caeruleus)				
Banded Krait	41	С	SS, PD, LF, AF	LC
(Bungarus fasciatus)				
Indian Cobra	345	С	AF, SS, PD, RD, LF, SL	NE
(Naja naja)				



Fig. 9. Striped Keelback (Amphiesma stolatum) from Lakhandur Tehsil (left). Green Keelback (Macropisthodon [= Rhabdophis] plumbicolor) from Lakhani Tehsil (center). Checkered Keelback (Fowlea [= Xenochrophis] piscator) from Mohadi Tehsil (right).



Fig. 10. Olive Keelback (Atretium schistosum) from the Bhandara Road in Pauni Tehsil (left). Russell's Viper (Daboia russelii) from Sakoli Tehsil (center). Saw-scaled Viper (Echis carinatus) from Tumsar Tehsil (right).



Fig. 11. Bamboo Pitviper (*Trimeresurus gramineus*) from Pauni Tehsil (left). Slender Coralsnake (*Calliophis melanurus*) from Mohadi Tehsil (center). Common Indian Krait (*Bungarus caeruleus*) from Lakhandur Tehsil (right).



Fig. 12. Banded Krait (Bungarus fasciatus) from Pauni Tehsil (left). Indian Cobra (Naja naja) from Pauni Tehsil (right).

sis), and Slender Coralsnake (*Calliophis malanurus*) are recorded herein for the first time in Bhandara District.

Acknowledgements

Our sincere thanks to Ashik Naitame, Raj Baghele, Ajay Pachare, Pankaj Bhivgade, Sandeep Shende, and Shubham Katgube.

Literature Cited

D'Abreu, A.E. 1928. Records of the Nagpur Museum No. VI. A List of the Reptiles of the Central Provinces. Government Press, Nagpur, India.

- Deshmukh, R.V., S.A. Deshmukh, and S.A. Badhekar. 2015. Rescued records of snakes from Nagpur District, Maharashtra with data on unrecorded species. *Reptile Rap* 17: 34–43.
- Daniel, J.C. 2002. *The Book of Indian Reptiles and Amphibians.* Bombay Natural History Society and Oxford University Press, Mumbai, India.
- Nande, R. and S. Deshmukh. 2007. Snakes of Amravati District including Melghat, Maharashtra, with important records of Indian Egg-Eater, Montane Trinket Snake and Indian Smooth Snake. *Zoos' Print Journal* 22: 2920–2924.
- Smith, M.A. 1943. The Fauna of British India, Ceylon and Burma, Including the Whole of the Indo-Chinese Sub-region. Reptilia and Amphibia. Vol. III.—Serpentes. Taylor and Francis, London, UK.
- Whitaker, R. and A. Captain. 2004. Snakes of India. The Field Guide. Draco Books, Chennai, India.