Although albinism has been widely reported in many species of gartersnakes (*Thamnophis* spp.) (Bechtel 1995), documented examples of albinism in Butler’s Gartersnake (*Thamnophis butleri*) are rare. One was collected in 1938 in Milwaukee County and the specimen was deposited in the Milwaukee Public Museum (MPM 2600; Dyrkacz 1981; Fig. 1). Additional records among hobbyists and in zoos are unpublished (C. Koch, Field Herp Forum, 2 September 2011, http://www.fieldherpforum.com/forum/viewtopic.php?f=2&ct=8001; J. Jundt, pers. comm., 2 July 2019).

We discovered a young (yearling?) male albino Butler’s Gartersnake (SVL 333 mm, weight 10 g; Fig. 2) on 7 June 2019 in a parking lot adjacent to a 66-acre natural area in Milwaukee County, Wisconsin, USA. The exact locality is generalized due to collection/conservation concerns. The natural area consists of grassland and wooded wetland. Because albino animals frequently have additional physiological abnormalities, this snake was deemed unsuitable for release. The snake died while in captivity and has been deposited in the herpetology collection of the Milwaukee Public Museum (MPM RA34015).

**Literature Cited**
